(Non-Profit Organisation No. NPO 088/756)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As at 28 February 2017

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STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITY

for the year ended 28 February 2017

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance of adequate accounting records and the preparation and integrity of the financial statements and related information. The reviewers are responsible for reporting on the fair presentation of the financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the South African Statements of Generally Accepted Accounting Practices.

The Trustees are also responsible for the Entity's system of internal financial controls. These are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance as to the reliability of the financial statements, and to adequately safeguard, verify and maintain accountability of the assets, and to prevent and detect misstatement and loss. Nothing has come to the attention of the Trustees to indicate that any material breakdown in the functioning of these controls, procedures and system has occurred during the year under review.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going-concern basis, since the Trustees have every reason to believe that the Entity has adequate resources in place to continue in operation for the foreseeable future.

APPROVAL OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual financial statements set out on pages 9 to 18 were approved by the Board of Trustees on 12 October 2017 are signed on its behalf by :

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Cathrine Foxton Chairman

Kevin Meredith Vice Chairman

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

for the year ended 28 February 2017

Members of the Board of Trustees of THE PEACE AGENCY are ultimately accountable for the governance of the Entity and are fully cognisant of their collective and individual responsibility for promoting high standards of corporate governance.

The Entity confirms its commitment to the principles of openness, integrity, and accountability.

Board of Trustees

Responsibilities

The Board was established according to the constitution of THE PEACE AGENCY. The Board is responsible for oversight and ensuring proper accountability by the Executive Management.

The Board has ultimate responsibility for the management and strategic direction of the Entity, as well as for attending to legislative, regulatory, and best practice requirements. Accountability to stakeholders remains paramount in Board decisions, and this is balanced against the demands of the regulatory environment in which the Entity operates, and the concerns of its other stakeholders.

Executive Management

These officers are involved with the day-to-day business activities of the Entity and are responsible for ensuring that decisions, strategies and views of the Board are implemented.

Risk Management and the Internal Control Framework

Effective risk management is integral to the Entity's objective of consistently adding value to the organisation. Management is continuously developing and enhancing its risk and control procedures to improve the mechanisms for identifying and monitoring risks.

Operating risk is the potential for loss to occur through a breakdown in control information, business processes and compliance systems. Key policies and procedures are in place to manage operating risk and involve segregation of duties, transactions authorisation, supervision, monitoring and financial and managerial reporting.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

for the year ended 28 February 2017

To meet its responsibility with respect to providing reliable financial information, the Entity maintains financial and operational systems of internal control. These controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are concluded in accordance with management's authority, that the assets are adequately protected against loss or unauthorised acquisition, use or disposal and that the transactions are properly authorised and recorded.

The system includes division of responsibility, established policies and procedures that are communicated throughout the Entity. All efforts are made to foster a strong, ethical environment. It also includes the careful selection, training and development of people.

There are inherent limitations in the effectiveness of any system of internal control, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of controls.

Accordingly, even an effective internal control system can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and the safeguarding of assets. Furthermore, the effectiveness of an internal control system can change with circumstances.

The Entity assessed its internal control system as at 28 February 2017 in relation to the criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting. The internal control process has been in place up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. Based on its assessment, the Entity believes that, as at 28 February 2017, its system of internal control over financial reporting and over safeguarding of assets against unauthorised acquisition, use or disposition, met those criteria.

Ethical Standards

The Entity has a culture of the highest standards of behaviour and professionalism. This culture requires that all Entity personnel act with the utmost integrity and objectivity and in compliance with the letter and spirit of both the law and Entity policies. Failure by employees to uphold this culture results in disciplinary action.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

for the year ended 28 February 2017

Accounting and Reviewing

The Board places strong emphasis on achieving the highest level of financial management, accounting and reporting to stakeholders. The Board is committed to compliance with the Statements of Generally Acceptable Accounting Practice in South Africa. In this regard,

Trustees shoulder responsibility for preparing financial statements that fairly present :

- The state of affairs as at the end of the financial year under review;
- Surplus or surplus for the period;
- Cash flows for the period; and
- Non-financial information.

We have considered the independence of the Accounting Officer and have concluded that their independence is not impaired in any way.

The accounting officer was given unrestricted access to all financial records and related data, including minutes of all meetings of Trustees, the Board of Trustees and committees of the Board. The Trustees believe that all representations made to the independent reviewers during their review are valid and appropriate.

The Accounting officer provides an independent assessment of systems of internal financial control to the extent necessary for the review, and expresses an independent opinion on whether the financial statements are fairly presented. The external review function offers reasonable, but not absolute assurance as to the accuracy of financial disclosures.

REPORT OF THE ACCOUNTING OFFICER

for the year ended 28 February 2017

We have performed the duties of accounting officer to THE PEACE AGENCY for the year ended 28 February 2017 as required. The annual financial statements set out on pages 9 to 18 are the responsibility of the trustees. No audit is required by the Act to be carried out and no audit was conducted.

Accordingly, we do not imply or express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the annual financial statements.

We have determined that the annual financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records, summarised in the manner required by section 58 (2) (d) of the Act, and have done so by adopting such procedures and conducting such enquiries in relation to the accounting records as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We have also reviewed the accounting policies, which have been presented to us as having been applied in the preparation of the annual financial statements and we consider that they are appropriate to the operations.

Atrop

Cindy Houston

Chartered Accountant (SA) (08076362)

12 October 2017

54 Herrwood Drive Umhlanga 4320

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

for the year ended 28 February 2017

The Trustees present their annual report, which forms part of the reviewed financial statements of the Entity for the year ended 28 February 2017.

1. General review

The Peace Agency runs projects which promote social justice and cohesion and create a climate of peace in South Africa.

Registered as a not for profit organization, THE PEACE AGENCY is the official umbrella NGO for three key projects; national media campaign "Stop Crime Say Hello", a place of safety for abandoned or orphaned babies called "The Baby Homes" and a child and youth mentorship programme called "Bright Stars". We also have a partnership with SUBZ Pads (Project Dignity), to provide free, reusable sanitary packs to school girls.

Together, these projects create awareness and promote citizen participation, encouraging South Africans to move from armchair critics to co-architects of a better South Africa for all.

Contact details:

Tel: 032 940 0434

Email: cathy@peaceagency.org.za

Website: http://www.peaceagency.org.za/

2. Financial results

Full details of the financial results are set out on pages 9 to 18 in the attached financial statements.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

for the year ended 28 February 2017

3. Trustees

The following served as Trustees during the current year:

Cathrine Foxton - Chairman Kevin Meredith - Vice Chairman Cindy Houston - Treasurer Nicola Nightingale - Secretary Ruth dos Santos – Vice Secretary

4. Material events after year end

There were no material events after year end.

5. Accounting Officer

Cindy Houston will continue in office.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at 28 February 2017

	Notes	2017	2016
		R	R
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets		27 806	13 874
Property, plant and equipment	2	27 806	13 874
Current Assets		924 247	424 557
Other receivables	3	10 386	100 400
Cash and cash equivalents	4	913 860	324 157
	-		
TOTAL ASSETS	-	952 053	438 432
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity		941 201	395 327
Accumulated funds	[941 201	395 327
Current Liabilities		10 852	43 106
Other liabilities	5	10 852	43 106
	L		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	-	952 053	438 432

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Notes	2017 R	2016 R
Revenue	6	2 268 121	1 301 364
100 Club	[65 800	58 650
Adopt a Cot		36 000	37 000
Allan Gray Return on Investment		16 170	-
Baby House income: La Lucia		-	143 222
Bright Stars Income		566 057	430 864
Child Grants		-	15 000
Commission - LLBH		1 764	4 136
Development Fund		190 195	5 500
Fundraising income		78 868	32 953
General donations received		832 252	278 686
Goods donated		127 176	52 581
Hammarsdale Centre income		5 730	-
Project Avo		600	-
Project Dignity		49 898	71 120
Project Justice		-	60
Restricted donations received		297 252	170 513
Sales revenue	l	360	1 080
Other Income		16 187	23 054
Interest received	[16 187	23 054
Total Income	-	2 284 308	1 324 418

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Operating Expenses	1 738 433	1 653 439
Accounting Fees	102 500	156 515
Advertising	1 500	-
Baby Home Durban North running costs	167 016	36 645
Baby Home Hammersdale running costs	-	161 456
Baby Home La Lucia running costs	-	108 323
Bank charges	22 094	23 207
Bright Stars expenses	318 987	470 452
Communication costs	32 616	21 735
Computer Expenses	111 025	27 162
Conferences and events	5 361	1 659
Depreciation	3 566	3 469
Donations	4 361	2 129
Employee Costs	380 612	329 092
Fundraising expenses	18 937	-
Goods used	109 678	-
Hammarsdale Centre	186 676	-
Loss on investment	53 964	-
Marketing expenses	90 105	138 315
Printing and Stationery	7 071	13 293
Project Avo expenses	2 500	-
Project Dignity expenses	62 966	93 920
Project Justice expenses	-	14 220
Rent	26 400	26 400
Repairs and Maintenance	600	4 703
Training	994	-
Travel and Entertainment	19 785	12 563
Utilities	9 120	8 180
Surplus/(Deficit) 7	545 875	(329 021)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Accumulated funds	Total Equity
	R	R
Balance at 28 February 2014	291 145	291 145
Surplus for the year	433 203	433 203
Balance at 28 February 2015	724 348	724 348
Deficit for the year	(329 021)	(329 021)
Balance at 28 February 2016	395 327	395 327
Surplus for the year	545 875	545 875
	941 201	941 201

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	2017 R	2016 R
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest income	8	599 702 583 515 16 187	(281 737) (304 791) 23 054
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net cash flows from financing activities		(9 998)	-
Property, plant and equipment acquired		(9 998)	_
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		589 704	(281 737)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		324 157	605 894
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	6	913 861	324 157

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 28 February 2017

1. Basis for preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities. These annual financial statements comply with South African Statements of Generally Accepted Accounting Practice. The following are the principal accounting policies used by the Entity.

1.1 Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment are recognised at cost. Cost includes all costs directly attributed to bring the assets to working condition for their intended use.

Depreciation is calculated on the reducing balance method with a depreciation rate of 20% per annum. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite life.

1.2 Investments

Quoted investments are stated at the market value at year end. Revaluation surpluses are taken to the statement of changes in equity. Other investments are stated at cost and are written down only where there is impairment. Dividends are brought to account as at the last day of registration in respect of listed shares, and when declared in respect of unlisted shares.

On the disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the income statement.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, and investments in money market instruments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 28 February 2017

1.4 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Entity has a present or legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, as and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

1.5 Revenue recognition

Grant income is recognised in terms of the conditions stated in individual donors' contracts, either when it becomes due or when it is receivable whichever is applicable. Unexpended funds are carried forward to subsequent periods. Other income is recognised upon delivery of products and customer acceptance, if any, or performance of services, net of value added tax and discounts.

1.6 Financial instruments

Investments in financial assets are initially recognised at cost. Subsequently, financial assets are remeasured at fair value, except fixed maturity investments, such as debt and loans. Financial liabilities are recognised at the original debt less principal repayments and amortisations, except for trade creditors, which are re-measured at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 28 February 2017

1.7 Financial risk management

Financial Risk Factors

The Entity's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Entity's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Entity's financial performance. The Entity uses derivative financial instruments to cover certain risk exposures.

Risk management is carried out by management under guidelines issued by the board of Trustees.

- i) Market risk
 - a) Foreign exchange risk

The Entity receives donations from international donors and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the US Dollar and the Euro.

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets or liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Entity's functional currency. Managements' policy is to convert all foreign exchange received at spot as soon as it is received.

b) Cash flow interest rate risk

As the Entity has significant interest-bearing assets, the Entity's income and operating cash flows are substantially dependent on changes in market interest rates.

The Entity's interest rate risk arises from investments. These investments earn interest at variable rates and this exposes the Entity to cash flow interest rate risk.

ii) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables. For banks and financial institutions, only major commercial banks are used.

Management has a credit policy in place and monitor the exposure to credit risk.

iii) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 28 February 2017

2. Property, plant and equipment

		2017			2016	
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying Value	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying Value
Computer Equipment	27 462	-14 484	12 977	18 964	-12 656	6 308
Furniture and Fittings	13 434	-6 106	7 327	11 934	-4 368	7 566
	40 896	-20 591	20 305	30 898	-17 024	13 874

The carrying amounts for 2017 can be reconciled as follows:

	Carrying value at beginning of year	Additions	Disposals	Depreciation	Carrying value at end of year
Computer Equipment	6 308	8 498		-1 828	12 977
Furniture and Fittings	7 566	1 500		-1 739	7 327
	13 874	9 998		-3 567	20 305
				2017	2016
				R	R
3. Other receivables					
These include:					
Staff Loans				10 386	17,000
Donations receivable					83,400
				10 386	100,400
4. Cash and cash equ	ivalents				
Current Account				3 644	3,648
Allan Gray Investment				726 207	
Funds on Call				178 995	308,665
Cash on Hand				5 015	11,844
			_	913 860	324,157

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	2017	2016
	R	R
5. Other liabilities		
These include:		
Staff Investments	3 800	7,200
La Lucia Holding Account	1 250	13,049
Bonus Provision	-	17,605
Accrued Expenses	5 802	5,252
	10 852	43,106

6. Revenue

Revenue consists of grants receivable from donors, services rendered, investment income and donations. When significant, bequests are separately disclosed. Restricted donations are accounted for separately.

7. Taxation

No taxation is payable as the organisation is exempt from income tax in terms of Section 10(1)(cN) of the Income Tax Act.

	2017	2016
	R	R
8. Notes to the Cash Flow Statement		
8.1 Cash generated from operations		
Reconciliation of cash generated from operations:		
Net Surplus	545 875	-329 021
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	3 566	3 469
Goods donated	-7 499	
Interest received	-16 187	-23 054
	525 755	-348 606
Working Capital Changes:		
Decrease/(Increase) in receivables	90 014	710
Increase in payables	-32 253	43 105
Cash generated from operations	583 515	-304 791